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THURSDAY,  
JANUARY 15, 1958

# THE JERUSALEM POST

**JERUSALEM'S**  
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## Marginal Column By GEORGE LEXON

THE Chinese Government is reported to be discreetly jubilant over the Hammarskjöld mission. The outcome of the U.N. Secretary-General's trip is officially undertaken to seek the release of 11 American airmen imprisoned in China on charges of espionage. Has not yet been divulged, and its full international implications are thus more obscure than the reasons for Peking's attitude. Where the release would be less than human if they could derive no satisfaction from the turn of events which the U.N. General Assembly, after opening with the customary rejection of Russia's motion to postpone the dispatch of the world organization's top official to this unorganized land. In fact, this mission was not as significant as the Chinese might choose to make it appear, since this was no instance of a humiliated Mohammedan seeking to his destination as the arrival of the Chinese, he would, however, be in the opportunity the visit gave them to present their views on the U.N. Secretary-General's mission. The New York climate of United Nations Headquarters.

MR. HAMMARSKJÖLD had a foreboding of this climate when he passed India on route to the meeting of the Colombo powers in Jakarta, which may have influenced the Indian Premier's attitude towards the U.N. Secretary-General's mission. Reports that the attitude was one of studied coolness later proved to be exaggerated, but Mr. Nehru was definitely less than enthusiastic. In a nutshell, he indicated that the U.N. having passed judgment on China's action in the Korean peninsula, the Chinese could not be expected to play the role of mediator; that the very fact it had recognized the PRC's position indicated that India ought to be a member of the organization, and that, anyway, the failure of China's charges against the Chinese, the Chinese could not be expected to play the role of mediator. The Chinese could not be expected to play the role of mediator. The Chinese could not be expected to play the role of mediator.

DUTY if the Chinese were pleased, they were also wide awake to the fact that Mr. Hammarskjöld's mission was a diplomatic victory. There was no sign of Chinese arrogance or even complacency which might have been expected from a mission. On the contrary, Peking's hospitality and restraint indicated that Mr. Chou En-lai appreciated the U.N. Secretary-General's mission. The mission was a turning point in relations between the U.N. and China. While it is doubtful whether the mission would have been successful, it was a step forward. The mission was a turning point in relations between the U.N. and China. While it is doubtful whether the mission would have been successful, it was a step forward.

ALTHOUGH in Peking Mr. Hammarskjöld represented the United Nations, his first mission was to return to the U.N. will be with the Chinese American delegate to the U.N. Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, who seems to have cut that he may have some proposals to put before the American Government. If the Chinese won't yield on the airmen, and the Americans continue to think that China can be ruled from Formosa, it is hard to see how a rapprochement will be brought about. But most of the major turnabout in international diplomacy have defied prediction. Fourteen years ago, in Moscow, Stalin killed Hammarskjöld's then Japanese Foreign Minister and bombarded Formosa. He was later expelled from Peking.

**SPEED KILLS**  
An accident which happened at a speed of 50 miles per hour (30 mph) per hour is 50 times as likely to be fatal as an accident at 10 miles per hour. Remember: Speed's a killer! Stay alive! Do not hurry when you drive!

## Cabinet Vote On Budget Put Off Till Next Week

JERUSALEM POST REPORTER  
The Cabinet meeting to decide on the new Budget proposals, scheduled for yesterday afternoon, was postponed by Prime Minister Moshe Sharett at the request of a number of Ministers, the Prime Minister's Office announced.  
It is understood that Mr. Pinhas Rosen, Minister of Justice, has asked the Cabinet to postpone the meeting to give him time to reconsider the whole matter. He also expressed his desire to discuss the matter with the Finance Minister, Mr. Levi Eshkol, before the meeting.

## Three-Hour Search Of Scopus Convey

A tin of orange juice and a tin of peas, both locally manufactured, were part of a Scopus convey carried by the U.N. Secretary-General's mission. The convey was opened in accordance with an agreement between Israel and the U.N. Supervision Organization. The convey was opened in accordance with an agreement between Israel and the U.N. Supervision Organization. The convey was opened in accordance with an agreement between Israel and the U.N. Supervision Organization.

## Herut Convey Motion Fails in Knesset

JERUSALEM POST KNESSET REPORTER  
A motion by Herut to reject a motion by the Government to search the Scopus convey, was rejected by the Knesset. The motion was rejected by the Knesset. The motion was rejected by the Knesset. The motion was rejected by the Knesset. The motion was rejected by the Knesset.

## Costa Rican Capital Hit By Invaders' Planes

NEW YORK, Wednesday (Reuter). — Invaders from Nicaragua have captured the Pacific coast ports of Puerto Sol and Puerto Cortes, and aerial bombardment of wide areas in the country has developed in intensity, the Costa Rican U.N. delegate, Mr. Benjamin Nunez, announced here today.  
He said that planes had machine-gunned the capital, San Jose, and the towns of Turrialba and Cartago.  
The Nicaraguan President, Mr. Anastasio Somoza, charged today that Costa Rican claims of an invasion from his country were false. He said he had not received any diplomatic relations with Costa Rica and "we have no intention of doing so." He added that he would send another letter to replace the Charge d'Affaires declared persona non grata, and that he will stay there "unless they declare him non grata, too."

## UN Secretary Due In US Today

NEW YORK, Wednesday (Reuter). — The U.N. Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammarskjöld, is expected back in New York late tomorrow afternoon from his mission to Peking to seek the release of 11 American airmen.  
Mr. Hammarskjöld will confer with American U.N. delegates, Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, immediately and will inform him of the counter-proposals which are believed to have been made by the Chinese Prime Minister, Mr. Chou En-lai. It is understood that Mr. Hammarskjöld will also see the British U.N. representative, Sir Piers Dixon, and probably other delegates.  
Mr. Hammarskjöld was still in Hong Kong today and took off again later for New York.

## Syria Asked To Treat Five Soldiers as POWs

Israel was asked by the Mixed Armistice Commission yesterday for violating the Armistice when five Syrian soldiers were captured in Israel territory on December 2, while on a mission to Syria. The M.A.C. called on the Syrians to treat the soldiers as prisoners-of-war and to return them to Israel. The Army spokesman after midnight said the following announcement:  
The Israel-Syrian Mixed Armistice Commission met in emergency session in the Syrian Customs House under the chairmanship of Colonel Cantagiani yesterday to continue discussion of the Syrian complaint concerning the five Israeli soldiers captured by the Syrians on December 2. The M.A.C. resolved that the Syrian complaint should be treated as a violation of the Armistice in order to work on a lasting pact attached to a Syrian telephone line, which would make it easier for the M.A.C. to deal with the Syrian complaint. The resolution was accepted by vote of the Chairman and the Syrian delegation. The Syrian delegation voted against. The M.A.C. adopted a second resolution calling on the Syrian authorities to treat the soldiers in accordance with the Geneva Convention and to release and return them at the earliest date possible. The Syrian delegation voted against. The M.A.C. adopted a third resolution calling on the Syrian authorities to treat the soldiers in accordance with the Geneva Convention and to release and return them at the earliest date possible. The Syrian delegation voted against.

## Bill to Regulate Vital Enterprises Gets Vague Reception in Knesset

JERUSALEM POST KNESSET REPORTER  
The Knesset yesterday voted to refer to committee a Bill to regulate vital enterprises, proposed by Mr. M. Erem (Abdud Ha'avoda), in a motion for the agenda. Precisely what was referred to committee, however, was apparently not entirely clear to Members of the House themselves.  
Mr. Erem, the Minister of Commerce and Industry, at first asked the House to remove Mr. Erem's motion from the agenda. Mr. Y. Rabin (Mapai) then proposed that Mr. Erem's motion be referred to committee. Mr. Erem's motion for the regulation of vital enterprises was referred to committee. Mr. Erem's motion for the regulation of vital enterprises was referred to committee. Mr. Erem's motion for the regulation of vital enterprises was referred to committee.

## Mapai Split on Issue

Mapai split on this question, part of which was the General Zionist and Mapai Hamizrahi to remove the motion from the agenda and others voting with Mapai. The motion was referred to committee. The motion was referred to committee. The motion was referred to committee. The motion was referred to committee. The motion was referred to committee.

## Mendes Tackles Bonn on Arms Pool Today

PARIS, Wednesday. — Premier Mendes-France and the West German Chancellor, Dr. Adenauer, will begin a series of discussions tomorrow. They will discuss Western relations with Russia and the question of a new four-power conference on the unification of Germany.  
Though they will also talk about application of the Saar agreement, this question is regarded as a minor one. They will discuss Western relations with Russia and the question of a new four-power conference on the unification of Germany.  
The duties of the High Commissioner will be to direct the foreign affairs and defense matters of the Saar territory and to enforce the Saar statute. Mr. Mendes-France today successfully concluded discussions with Italian Ministers in a final meeting today with Prime Minister Mario Scelba and Foreign Minister Quintino Martin. It was believed that the French and Italian negotiators reached substantial agreement on the arms pool project.

## Jordan Complaint on Sheep

The Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission met yesterday to discuss a complaint from Jordan regarding the capture of a flock of sheep belonging to Jordan and the alleged abduction of two Jordanian soldiers by an Israeli patrol on January 7. The Army spokesman announced.  
The vote on the incident was postponed when the Chairman, Colonel Cantagiani, said that the Jordanian complaint was not a violation of the Armistice. The Jordanian complaint was not a violation of the Armistice. The Jordanian complaint was not a violation of the Armistice.

## Telling Defeat

It was a telling defeat for the Premier on his 56th birthday and a hint of coming political trouble. The Premier, Mr. Mendes-France, suffered a setback in the National Assembly last night when his bill to regulate vital enterprises was defeated. The bill was defeated by a narrow margin. The bill was defeated by a narrow margin. The bill was defeated by a narrow margin.

## Johnston Expected From U.S. at Month's End

Mr. Eric Johnston, President Eisenhower's special ambassador to the Middle East, is due in the area on January 25, it is understood.  
Mr. Johnston, who will resume discussions at top level on the regional water projects, will be accompanied by a staff of technical advisers.  
It is recalled that talks on the water plans between Mr. Johnston and Israel and Egyptian officials were held in Washington in December 1957. Mr. Johnston returned to the U.S.

## New Movement Called Illegal by MK

JERUSALEM POST KNESSET REPORTER  
The recently-organized Education Movement (Tnuat Hamachshava), whose stated purpose is to improve the quality of education in Israel, was charged by the Knesset yesterday with being an illegal organization. The Knesset voted to declare the movement illegal. The Knesset voted to declare the movement illegal.

## Knesset Committee To Honor P.M.

JERUSALEM POST KNESSET REPORTER  
The Foreign Affairs and Defense Committee of the Knesset, headed by Mr. Moshe Sharett, will hold a session today to honor the Prime Minister, Mr. Moshe Sharett, on his 56th birthday. The session will be held in the Knesset. The session will be held in the Knesset.

## Turkey Wants Closer Ties with Arab States

The Turkish Premier, Mr. Adnan Menderes, told a joint session of the Iraqi Parliament yesterday of his hope that his country's relations with "all Arab nations would grow stronger."  
The President of the Chamber of Deputies, Abdul Wahab Mirza, welcomed the Turkish Premier's goodwill visit as establishing "a new era for the Middle East peoples and their safety."  
Mr. Menderes earlier yesterday conferred for two hours with Premier Nuri al-Said. They were scheduled to hold another meeting last night. A joint communiqué will be issued tomorrow.  
The Turkish Premier will leave here on Friday for talks in Damascus. Later, he will visit the Lebanese.

## Eden to Include Turkey in Tour

LONDON, Wednesday (Reuter). — Foreign Secretary Sir Anthony Eden today added Ankara to the list of Middle East and South-East Asian capitals he will visit for political and defense talks next month.  
Official sources said that he would probably arrive in the Turkish capital on September 17 on his way home from Karachi.  
One of the principal topics he will discuss there will be the Turkish mission to help liquidate outstanding problems between the two countries, including the problem of Turkish relations with Israel and the Turkish annexation of Alexandretta. Diplomatic sources in London yesterday thought that the extension of the Turkey-Pakistan defense pact is coming nearer.  
A bilateral treaty is expected to be the outcome of Mr. Menderes' visit to Iraq. At one time it was thought that Iraq might join the Turkey-Pakistan pact, but now diplomats believe that Iraq has decided to move more cautiously and align herself with Turkey alone.  
In some diplomatic quarters in London, it is thought that Iraq's next move may be to seek a pact with Iran before coming to an agreement with Pakistan. Mr. Nuri al-Said has hinted strongly in a recent interview with a B.B.C. television reporter, that he would like to see Iraq thinking along the same lines. (Reuter, U.P., MENAS)

## Soviet Officials Begin To Leave Baghdad

BAGHDAD, Wednesday (Reuter). — The first group of members of the Soviet Legation left here by air today for Damascus following Iraq's decision to suspend diplomatic relations with Russia.  
Four more Soviet diplomats and their wives are due to leave on Friday morning for Tehran after closing the Legation which has been closed since Mr. Nuri al-Said's announcement. The Legation was closed on January 15. The Legation was closed on January 15.

## West Has Plan On Israel, Beirut Says

An official Beirut spokesman said yesterday night that the Western powers had a plan for the solution of the Arab-Israeli problem, according to the "Ola City" daily, "Al Jihad" yesterday.  
The paper reported that other Arab states have been informed of the project.  
Its diplomatic correspondent said that the West hopes that Israel would announce her readiness to resolve the refugee problem, no more than 100,000 will be ready to accept this offer. Such a move, he noted, would be on the basis of the 1948 agreement at Louzanne in 1949.  
The Lebanese defense budget has been fixed at L.L.50m. (L.L.50m.) for 1958. It was reported yesterday. The total is L.L.120m.

## West's Military Plans Discount Possibility of War Before 1960

BY GEORGE LICHTENHEIM, Jerusalem Post Correspondent  
LONDON, Wednesday. — Military planning here, and presumably in Washington and at NATO headquarters, is now based on the assumption that full-scale modern war is not only politically unlikely but militarily impossible before 1960 at the earliest. This conclusion, which has long been urged by experts, is now presented to the public in the form of the British Government's annual statement on defense, due to be published next month.  
It supplies, as it were, the hard core structure of the current military strategy.  
The military reasoning underlying this assessment is simple. Despite a great deal of noise to the contrary, it is fairly well established that the Soviet Air Force cannot as yet reach the U.S. at all, let alone the major U.S. bases in Florida, Texas and California. The latter are unlikely to form part of serious strategic planning, except in the unlikely event of a U.S. attack which would force the Soviet to hit back wildly with everything in hand, merely to create the maximum damage possible. On the other hand, it is accepted that by 1960 the Soviet Air Force will have acquired the kind of striking ability which would make a nuclear war practicable while at the same time Soviet air defenses will have reached the stage where most major targets in the U.S. will be heavily guarded. In simple language, this means that Russia can risk no major conflict before 1960, and that the U.S. cannot win a lightning war afterwards.  
In pure military logic, this would point to the conclusion that the U.S. would be well advised to fight a preventive war now. In fact, everyone knows that no such war will be fought, at any rate not while Mr. Eisenhower is President. Interest, therefore, shifts to the question

## Verdicts in Cairo Show Trial To Be Given on Sunday

CAIRO, Wednesday. — The Prosecution Office announced today that the verdicts of the military tribunal on the 10 Jews including a woman, accused of espionage for Israel in the alleged Soviet spy ring case, will be pronounced on Sunday.  
A five-man high military court today completed its deliberations and decided on the verdicts and sentences. The court's conclusions were a closely guarded secret until completion of a full report and the grounds on which the judgments are based. The report will be submitted to Premier Abdul Nasser in his capacity as Military Commander-General for confirmation or modification of the judgments, depending on the court's findings.  
In Cairo, government circles, it is advised as soon as the Premier has made his decision. This will be made public by the Premier's office and not by the court. This is the procedure followed in all military court cases. Meanwhile, the 10 other Jews accused of Communist activities and in custody since October, are still awaiting the official indictment which will be put on trial before a military court. (U.P. Reuter)

## Speculation Over Soviet Suez Stand

By Our Diplomatic Correspondent  
Speculation is rife at the United Nations whether the USSR will exercise its veto in matters in connection with Israel's request for a clarification of the terms of the freedom of passage through Suez for Israeli ships should come to a vote at the Security Council session which resumes today in New York. It seems to depend upon whom one asks. Sources based on conversations with the Soviet Legation in London claim that the Soviet delegate has already stated that he will use his veto to rule out any such clarification. Despite this, a spokesman is reported to have said that the Soviet delegate has already stated that he will use his veto to rule out any such clarification. Despite this, a spokesman is reported to have said that the Soviet delegate has already stated that he will use his veto to rule out any such clarification.

## Heavy Seas Haul Rescued Attempt by Israel Ship

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, Wednesday (Reuter). — Bad weather today delayed attempts of the Israeli freighter Tel Aviv and U.S. Coast Guard craft in the effort to rescue the British ship La Caze. The ship was reported to be in danger of sinking. The ship was reported to be in danger of sinking.

## THE JERUSALEM POST

"When an Arab comes back to his land, he is not a hero, he is a thief." — Glubb Pasha.  
"On the Jewish border along the Jordan, there have been killed or wounded during the last four years" — Rav-Ali Moshe Dagan.  
In tomorrow's edition of The Jerusalem Post, the Chief of Staff, Rav-Ali Dagan, answers an article by Lt. Colonel General John West Glubb, commander of the Arab Legion, recently published in "The Evening Standard." The views on the border situation are given in full. Order your copy today.

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*The Jerusalem Post*  
January 13, 1955

son whose duty it was, according to the circumstances of the case, to perform the act of payment; and since the appellant had taken it upon himself, as a contractor, to arrange for payment of the workers, therefore this definition applied to him.

With regard to the second argument, Justice Silberg pointed out that the District Court had held the only act of payment performed by Mr. Schiff had been the handing over of cheques made out to Mr. Borochev, an act which certainly did not fall within the definition of payment of wages to workers as laid down in the Income Tax Regulations. The contention that the Labour Council were the employers was

also dismissed on the grounds that, while it was true that the Regulations defined an employer as "the person who pays wages, either on his own behalf or on that of another," it was a necessary criterion that the person in question, though acting on be-

half of another, should have a certain amount of independence and should at least engage the workers himself or should be in charge of accounts and be authorized to deduct what was necessary; but not that the par-

On the other hand, the Court found some justification in Mr. Pieban's plea for a reduced sen-

ence, since Judge Witkon had held, when sentencing the appellant, that the six offences of which he had been accused could be regarded as three for purposes of punishment, but had, nevertheless, imposed a total of six fines. The Court therefore cancelled three of the fines. As to those still remaining, the Court felt that the District Court had perhaps been rather severe, in spite of the fact that non-par-

ment of tax deductions was a very serious offense, both from the legal and from the moral point of view. In the present case, however, there were mitigating circumstances. The respondent had no resources of his own from which to pay his workers and had had to rely on the sums which he received from time to time from Mr. Schiff and which included other sums coming to him in connection with the excavation operations.

The Court found no reason to doubt the subjective honesty of Mr. Borochov's opinion that the money he had received was not

sufficient to cover all the expenses in connection with the work he had performed on Mr. Schiff's behalf, an opinion which was supported by the fact that the Labour Council, appreciating the appellant's difficulties, had pressed Mr. Schiff to hand over to them, through Mr. Borochov, the wages owing to the workers. But although the appellant found himself between the hammer and the anvil and had, as it were, to make bricks without straw, the Court held that this did not re-

Sentence reduced to a fine of \$1,550 or, alternatively, 22 days imprisonment.

Judgment given on January 11, 1955.

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## Mexican Judge Against

## Mexican Judge Against Parole for Trotsky's Slayer

MEXICO CITY, Wednesday (UP). — A Mexican judge recommended on Tuesday that the assassin of Leon Trotsky be denied the right of parole.

Judge Eligio Gelo Lara Erazo, head of the penal court where the voluminous file of the pickpocket was laying that shook the communist world in 1946 is kept busy to state his opinion on Jacques Mornard's parole request.

He said the 50-year-old killer's application did not meet the requisites of the Mexican penal code for parole. Mornard, he said, adopted a name, nationality, place of residence and occupation whose authenticity he never proved. Under those

circumstances, the judge said. Mornard "could not be submitted to efficient vigilance by whoever accepted the duty of issuing monthly reports on his conduct."

Mornard completed all requirements for parole seven weeks ago, after completing more than two-thirds of his 19½-year sentence.

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## ON THE AIR

**FIRST PROGRAMME**  
521, 330, 615 & 12.3 M.

NEWS, Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 6.00  
6.15, 8.30 and 11.00 p.m. Arab  
Programme (including News): 8 a.m.  
2.15 & 8.30 p.m.  
8.30 a.m. Service, 6.35 Exercise  
6.45 Musical Clock (R), 7.15 Melodie  
(R), 7.45 Oriental Music (R), 9.5  
Close Down.  
12.30 N. Programme for Factor  
12.30 N. Programme for Factor  
12.30 N. Programme for Factor

[illegible][illegible]

### Sport Round the World

CLEVELAND, (UP). — The Executive Committee of the U.S. Figure Skating Association announced that Hayes Alai, Jenkin, the current world figure skater, will be the first to compete in the new sport.

His younger brother, David, will also compete, the Committee announced, along with R.

the present U.S. champion and world figure skating queen to 1952. She was beaten out last year by Germany's Gundula Busch.

Among others named for the world competition the week of Feb. 7, were Carol Ormaca and Robin Greiner, the current national pairs' champions who will compete along with Hugh Graham Jr. and Mrs. Robert

Reed, his sister, and Lucille Ash and Sully Kothman.

**MEN'S DOUBLES**

PARIS (UP). — Budge Patten of the U.S. and Kurt Nielsen of Denmark teamed to take

the men's doubles tennis title in the Pierre-Gillou cup tournament here. Patty and Nielsen defeated Jaroslav Drobný, former Czech, and Hugh Stewart of the U.S. 6/4, 6/4, 6/4. In the women's doubles final,

Franco-British pairing of Miss Susan Chatfield and Miss A. Philcock defeated the All-British finalists, Angela Buxton and Pat Ward, 7/5, 6/4.

**GRINDELWALD, (Switzerland)** (UP). — Sue Holmes, of Great Britain, won the Duchess of Kent trophy in the downhill race of the International Ladies Ski race here. Miss Holmes covered the 3.2 kilometre course from the first mountain to here in two minutes 43.9 seconds.

ALMA Ats, wendensky (U.S.A.)  
The former Soviet Union's  
Mara Rylova, raced yesterday  
to a new world's record in the  
500 metres run at the current  
Alma Ats meet, clocking 40  
seconds.  
The new time was 0.8 second  
less than the 17-year-old record  
of 46.8 seconds, set by Norway's  
Shou Nilssen.

Deputy Boxing Commissioner co-operated with the U.S. Committee for Sports in Israel sponsoring an amateur boxing show recently at the Eastern Parkway Arena. The proceeds are being used to furnish sports equipment for the youth of Israel. Another event being staged by the U.S. Committee for the same object is the Spring Golf tournament, now that the Nat Holman dinner is over.

**JEWISH WAR VETERAN  
AWARD FOR HENSHEL**  
NEW YORK. (By Mail).  
Colonel Harry D. Henshel, President of the U.S. Committee for Sports in Israel, is to be honoured by the Jewish War Veterans of the United States at a dinner to be held Jan. 23, at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel. Colonel Henshel will receive the award.

**Wanted**

# SECRETARY

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Receiver, Tovaan U.M. Jechet  
 P.O.B. 1308,  
 Jerusalem.  
 Dear Sir:  
 This is to acknowledge  
 give notice, according to par  
 Associations, of the establish  
 (1) Name of Association: Y  
 (2) Address of Association:

(5) Directors responsible for Name

Naah Yehanna Tversky (of Telna)	Shlomo
Mr. Israel Evi Weinberger	El M Kibb
Naah Nordchal Tversky	

[illegible]

**JERUSALEM:** 2 Yehuda, 7 Ben Yehuda, 2011, 8 Yehia, Goula, corner Yashayahu, 7.

**TEL AVIV:** Tachnicki, 17 Allenby; 24553; Grinberg, 66 King George; 26209; Hagall, 80 Ben Yehuda, 26209; Dr. Michlin, 112 Allenby, 8280; Ha tikva, Shechunat Hatikva, 67404.

**JAFFA:** Givat Aliza, 10 Fourth St. 81700. **RAMAT GAN:** Masor, 50 St. 81700. **GIVATAYIM:** Nona, opp. Fire Brigade. **RNVI BRAN:** Babbar Hashali.

**Cinemas**

**JERUSALEM**

At 1.30 4.30 and 8.30 p.m.

**ARNON:** Stars of the Russian Ballet.

**EDEN:** Dangerous When Wet.

**EDISON:** L'Eschare.

**ORFEL:** His Majesty O'Keefe  
2nd week.

**ORION:** Beneath the 13 Mile Road.

**ORNA:** Mademoiselle Julie.

of Write, enclosing curriculum  
se vitae, to No. 37335, P.O.B. 65,  
HAIFA.

recapit of your letter in which you mention 4 of the Ottoman Low countries of the following associations:

1) Ashveth Yerah U'Lehor Hakdash  
2) Hithar Hapod Hamishkhi, Yurpanan  
3) as above  
4) to instruct boys and young men the work, laws and practices of writing letters Yerah, Yellin and Marwan, to assist the students and scholars of the Yeshiva with hand or one-line music - etc.  
5) or the Association:  
6) as above

Association	President	President in Association
Yehonah Hapod Hamishkhi	Rabbi	President
Yehonah Hapod Hamishkhi	Former	President
Yehonah Hapod Hamishkhi	Student of	Treasurer
Yehonah Hapod Hamishkhi	Yeshiva	Secretary
Yehonah Hapod Hamishkhi	Very young	
Yehonah Hapod Hamishkhi	sign. ( - - )	



## Today's Post Bag

## THE WEATHER

Forecast: Fair, with possibility of rain showers mainly in the north.

	A	B	C	D
Haifa	55	58	60	62
Tel Aviv	55	58	60	62
Tel Aviv	55	58	60	62
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## GZ Electoral Reform Plan to Serve As Basis for Talks With Mapai

By Our Labor Correspondent

Discussions to take place between Mapai and the General Zionists within the next few weeks will decide whether the electoral system is to be changed in time for the next Knesset elections.

Mapai has appointed its members to the joint committee which is to consider the matter.

The committee will be headed by Mr. David Ben-Gurion, with Mr. Moshe Shapira, Mr. Y. A. Shapira, D. Lavie and A. Rabin.

In keeping with Mr. David Ben-Gurion's offer at his meeting with the General Zionists on Friday, Mapai has agreed that the General Zionists scheme shall be the basis for the discussions, while reserving the right to propose to amend its own proposals and to try to pass them into law at a later stage.

Although the two largest parties are now agreed in principle, the differences between them are still important.

The General Zionists plan to divide the country into 130 constituencies, each of which would elect one member, as in Britain and the United States. This system, it is claimed, encourages the emergence of a small number of large parties, and therefore makes for the formation of a stable government, resting on the support of a clear majority in the legislature.

It is also contended that it strengthens the bonds between the electors and their representatives, since every citizen knows who his representative is, and can approach him for assistance in case of need.

The argument that the system is unfair to small parties is not held by the Zionists, since it is deliberately designed to induce the electors to choose between two clearly defined alternatives.

The General Zionists, however, seem to be concerned lest it should favour the largest party at the expense of even of the second largest.

To take an extreme example, it would be theoretically possible for a party to win every seat in the country, by obtaining the largest number of votes in each constituency to win every seat, even though it might have a majority of only one vote in the country. Their alternative plan, therefore, attempts to provide safeguards against this possibility.

According to the General Zionists plan, the number of seats in

the Knesset would be reduced to 71.

Of the two countries, would be divided into 20 constituencies, each of which would elect three members.

In addition, at least 11 members would be elected on the basis of surplus votes. Each party would have to submit candidates for each of the 21 Knesset seats.

Over 20 per cent of the votes in a particular constituency would entitle a party to one seat, over 40 per cent to two seats and over 60 per cent to all three.

If all the seats in a particular constituency were not allocated in this way, the surplus votes would be transferred to the national list, and the unallocated seats together with the 11 already allocated would be divided in proportion to the national totals of surplus votes.

Only parties winning at least 20 per cent of the votes would be entitled to participate in the share-out of seats on the national list.

This system would prevent the largest party securing the post but it is open to another criticism. While the seats won on the first count in the constituencies would each represent a fairly uniform number of votes, it would be 35 per cent of the number of votes cast in each constituency.

The seats on the national list might easily represent a much smaller number of votes each.

Of the two largest parties, the one which won a larger proportion of its seats to the national list might therefore be considered over-represented, and the second largest party might thus win a majority of the seats.

One way of overcoming this difficulty might be to divide the division of all the seats in the Knesset according to the national totals of all the votes cast, instead of the surplus votes alone, and make up the number of seats won on the first count to the required number.

This, however, would amount to a re-division of the proportional system, with the constituency seats acting only as a preliminary hurdle which only the largest party could surmount. Another solution might be to abolish the national list entirely, and allocate all the seats according to the results of the constituency polls.

In any case, it is certain that there will be some bargaining between Mapai and the General Zionists, and the plan may yet have to be submitted to the electorate for its decision.

## Sabbath Taxi Ranks Proposed for Capital

Text ranks for Sabbath traffic in Jerusalem will probably be established in side streets off King George Avenue and Jaffa Road, near the Central Post Office, as originally suggested.

A decision to this effect was taken yesterday by the Committee of Three, composed of Jerusalem Council members who were appointed by the Municipality to work for "traffic" in the religious demonstrations.

At present, the ranks are located at the corner of King George Avenue and Jaffa Road, and at the foot of Rehov Ben-Zion near Zion Square.

The Committee also appointed a subcommittee, which includes two representatives of the Taxi Drivers' Association, to discuss the proposed location of the ranks and to report back to the Committee.

Eight Zealots Held

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Eight zealots were arrested yesterday outside the Children's Club of the Working Mothers Organisation in Rehov Devora Hava in Jerusalem. They were taken to the police station.

Yehoshua Tzoref, head of Yeshiva Tzoref Yehuda, who was released the same evening on health grounds, was among the eight. He is a member of the "Nahal" group, a leader of National Karta now in detention for demonstrating.

Two other zealots were released after stating that they had not participated in the demonstration, but had been arrested while passing into the Mesh Shearim quarter.

The police, headed by First Inspector Amichai, detained anyone who set foot out of the quarter. This has been their practice for the past few days.

A police spokesman said that Mr. Ezer Weizman was remanded for seven days for participating in an illegal demonstration on Monday near the Children's Club.

Magistrate Y. Baak, he ruled that a person could not be prevented from protesting in a peaceful and legal manner.

140 Per Cent Rise in Students of Hebrew

A rise of 140 per cent in the number of Hebrew classes over the past school year, as a result of the Hebrew Language Campaign, has been reported by the Ministry of Education and Culture.

Last month, 12,000 adults were studying Hebrew, 12,000 of them in classes with volunteer teachers, as compared with a total of 10,000 students in December, 1955.

## Chimpanzees Are Diplomats

Chimpanzees in the Tel Aviv Zoo are in future to be classified by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry as "diplomats" for the purpose of allocating national foodstuffs. Ministry officials confirmed yesterday.

When the Zoo superintendent applied for an allocation of six kilograms of rice for the apes in his care, the official in charge of food distribution refused the application on the grounds that he was empowered to allocate rice only to human beings.

Following an appeal to Mr. Y. Glickman, Secretary General of the Ministry, the official was instructed to make the allocation and solve his administrative difficulties by utilizing the special procedure for allocating foodstuffs to members of the diplomatic and consular corps.

The zoo superintendent, who had been allocated 6000 compensation, in 1955, he bought an 84-metre yacht from two Scandinavian yards, and had it shipped to the port.

He had named the yacht, a total of 84 metres, as "Lamerhak II".

After a year in Spain, he brought it to the port, and had it shipped to the port.

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